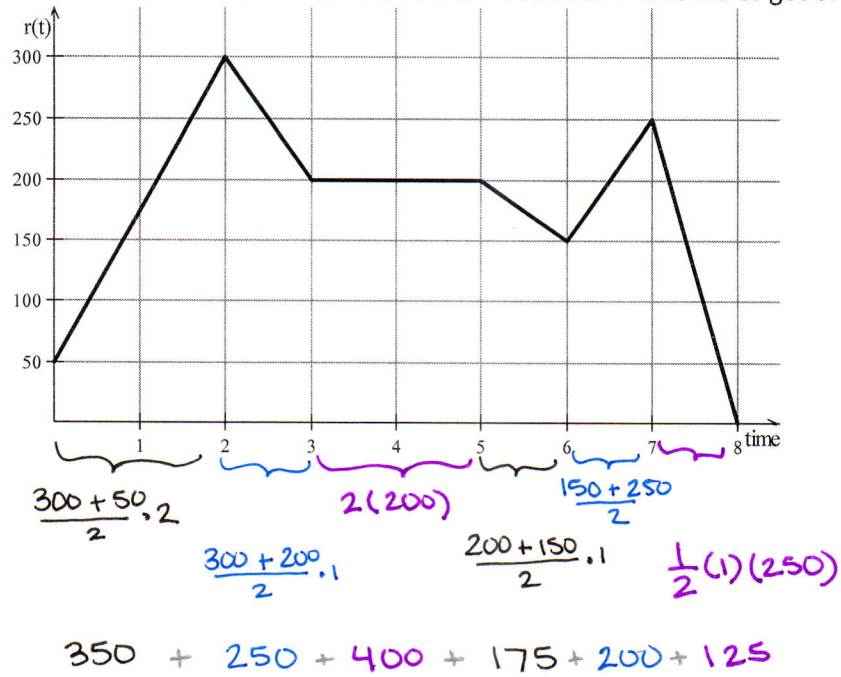


An evil former student who failed calculus (but passed AP Chemistry) has create a virus and infected all the teachers at Southwest High School. Initially 64 teachers were infected at 7 am ($t = 0$). The Zombie virus is passed through being poked by a special teacher appreciation day pen. The teachers are infecting students at a rate of 3 students per hour. Unfortunately, the student only got a 3 on the AP exam so his virus isn't foolproof, the Zombies are dying off at the rate $r(t)$ shown in the graph below. Time, t , is measured in hours from the time the teachers are infected. The zombies get off work at 3 pm.



(a) How many zombies were made in the first 2 hours? How many zombies are there after 2 hours?

rate of
Zombies
created
 $64 \cdot 3 \text{ Zombies/hr}$
 $= 192$

$64 \text{ teachers} \times \frac{3 \text{ students}}{\text{hour}} \times 2 \text{ hours} = 384 \text{ Zombies made}$

$64 + 384 = 448 \text{ Zombies total}$
Start w/ Accumulate

$* \int_0^2 192 dt = 192t \Big|_0^2$

(b) How many zombies died in the first 4 hours?

$\int_0^4 r(t) dt = 350 + 250 + (1)(200) = 800 \text{ zombies died}$

(c) How many zombies are "alive" after 4 hours?

Zombies created = $\int_0^4 192 dt = 192t \Big|_0^4 = 192(4-0) = 768$

+
Zombies initially = 64

-
Zombies died = $\int_0^4 r(t) dt = 800$

$768 + 64 - 800 = 32 \text{ zombies}$

(d) Are all the zombies dead at the end of the day? If no, how many are left to come back tomorrow?

$$\int_0^8 192 dt = 192t \Big|_0^8 = 192(8-0) = 1536$$

total zombies
 $1536 + 64 = 1600$

$$\int_0^8 r(t) dt = 350 + 250 + 400 + 175 + 200 + 125 = 1500$$

total dead zombies
 $= 1500$

NO, There are $1600 - 1500 = 100$ zombies left.

(e) Is the number of zombies "alive" increasing or decreasing between $t = 4$ and $t = 5$?

Zombies alive = $\frac{\text{Zombies created}}{\text{rate}} - \frac{\text{Zombies dead}}{\text{rate}}$

rate > 0 inc
 < 0 dec

rate of zombies alive = rate of zombies created - rate of dead zombies

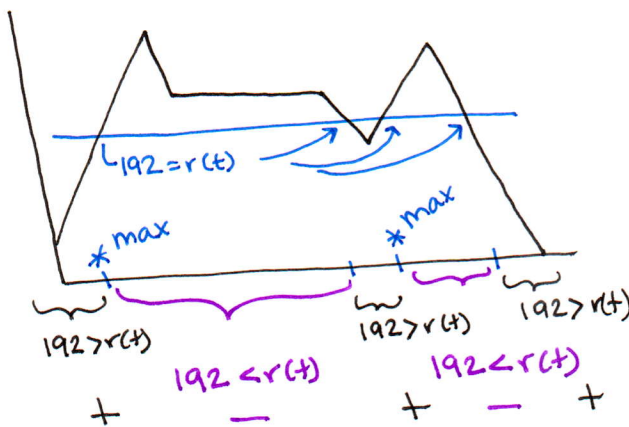
$$192 - r(t) = 192 - 200 < 0$$

↑
 between $t=4$ to $t=5$ $r(t)=200$

The number of zombies alive is decreasing

(f) During what time intervals are the number of zombies at a relative maximum? Justify using calculus

derivative goes from + to -



$$192 - r(t) > 0$$

$$192 > r(t)$$

$$192 - r(t) < 0$$

$$192 < r(t)$$

max between $t=1, 2$
 and $t=6, 7$

(g) Find the value and Explain the meaning of $\frac{1}{8} \int_0^8 r(t) dt$

$$\frac{\int_0^8 r(t) dt}{8-0} = \frac{1500 \text{ zombies}}{8 \text{ hours}}$$

$$= 187.5 \text{ zombies per hour is the}$$

average

average rate of zombies/hr dying over 8 hours.